Facilitated by: Paula Arturo

Lawyer-Linguist

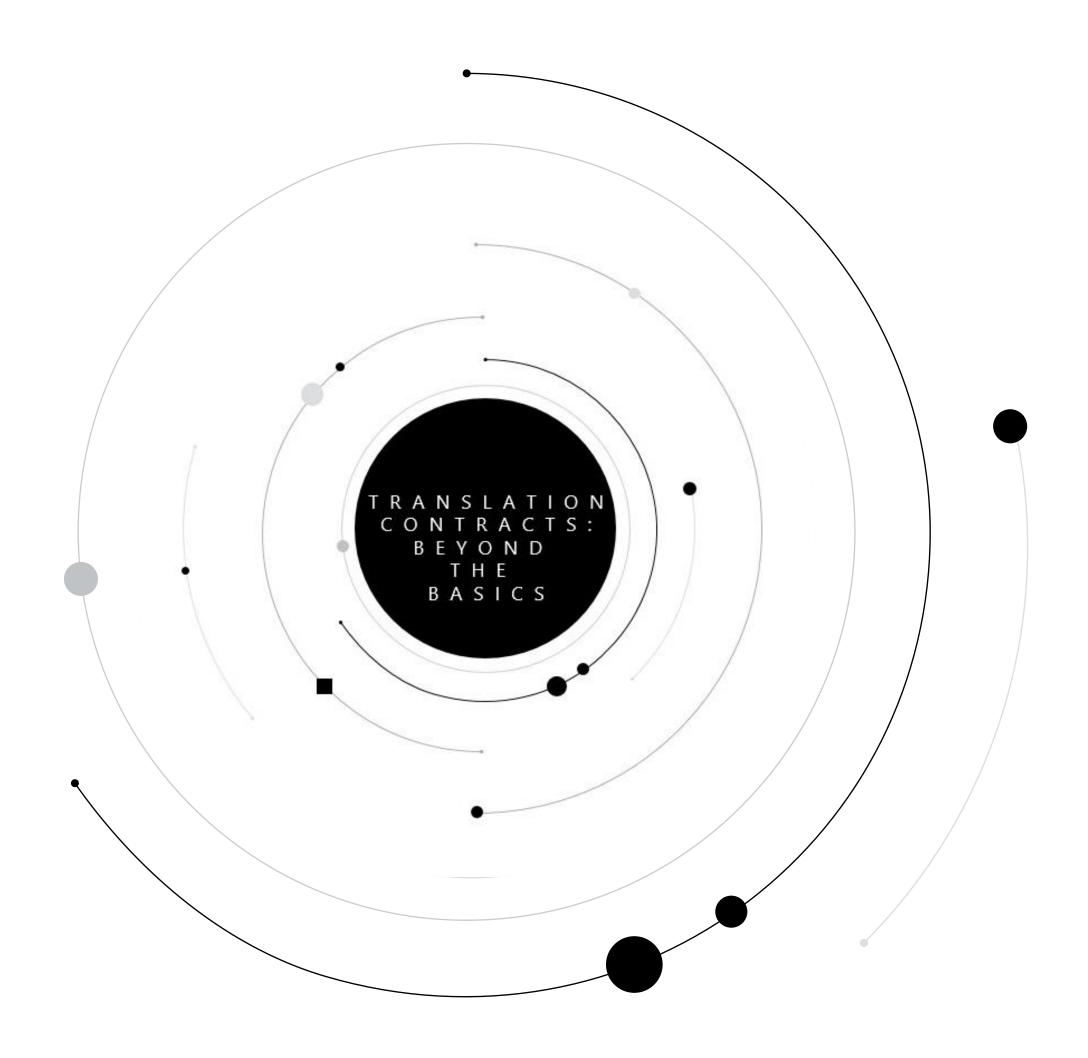
Please feel free to email me: paula@translatinglawyers.com

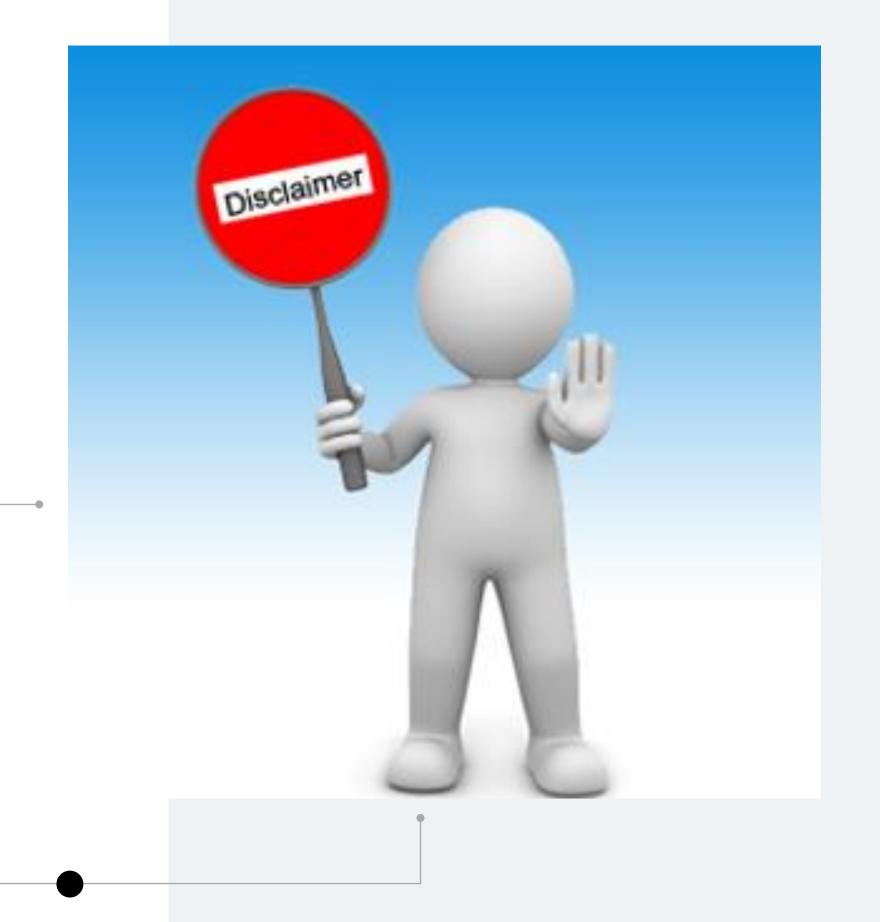
Or visit my website: www.translatinglawyers.com

Or blog: www.translatorsdigest.net









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Contract Checklist

Literary

Delivery and obligation to publish; payment and rights; royalties and subsidiary rights; copyright; editing and acceptance; credits

Work-for-hire

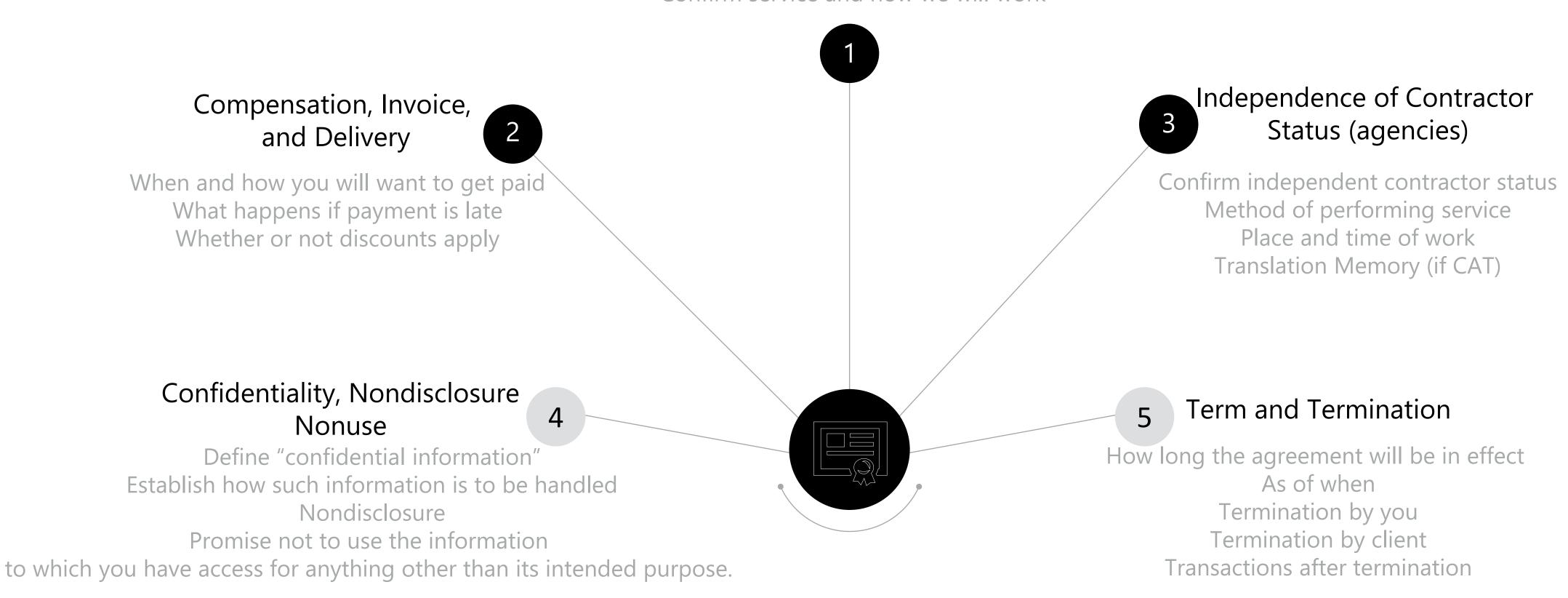
Engagement of service; payment, invoicing, and delivery; confidentiality and nondisclosure; indemnification; term and termination

Boilerplate Provisions

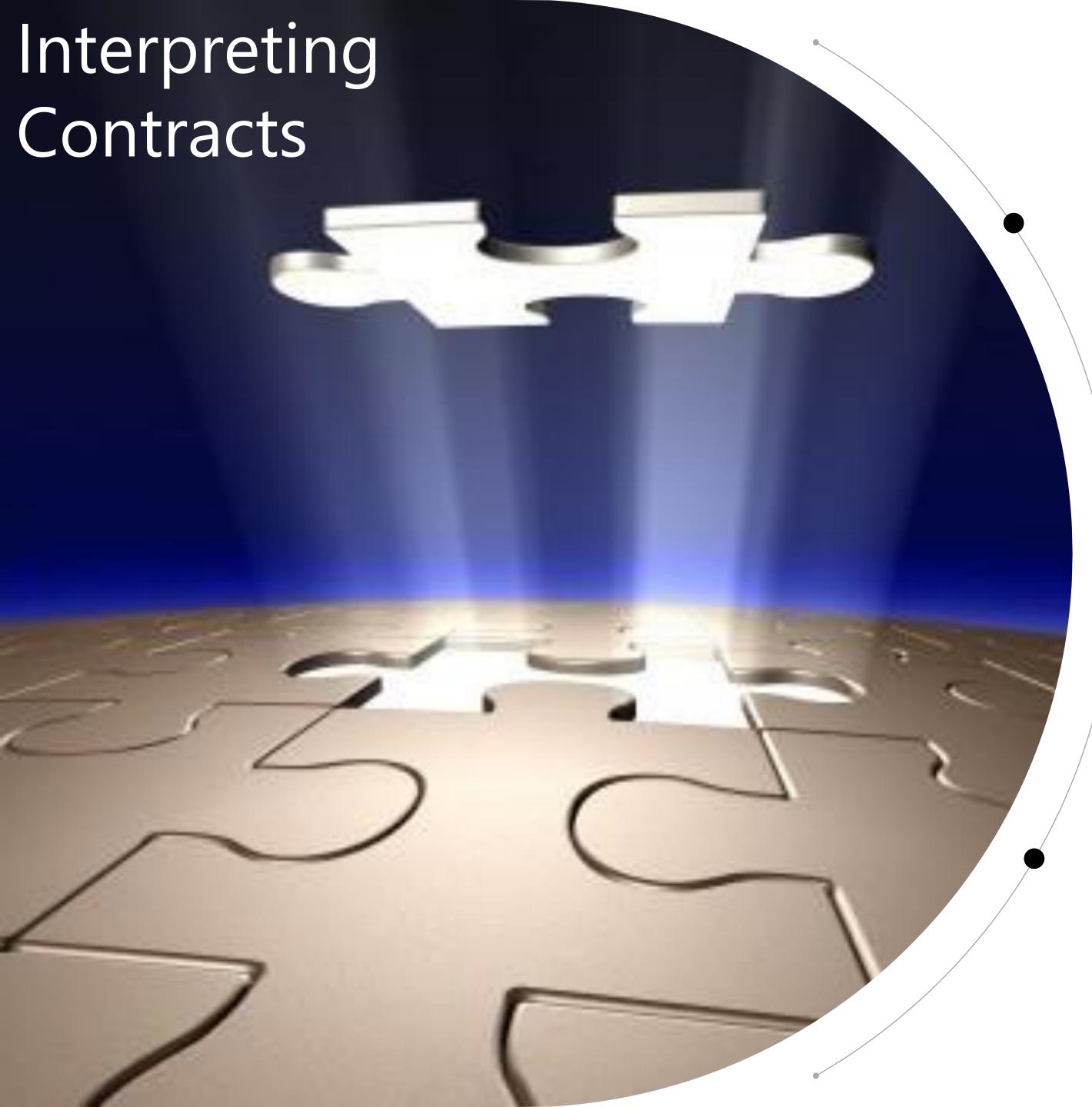
Same for both; part 2 of webinar

Translator Qualifications and Engagement of Service

Reassure Client of qualifications, education, experience Confirm service and how we will work



The previous slides contained samples of some of the most important provisions you'll find in a translation service contract. The way I draft my contracts is by dividing the main obligations up into five categories and then adding boilerplate provisions at the end under "Miscellaneous". If you're an agency, you may want to have a section on Innovations and one on Non-solicitation and/or Non-interference and/or Conflict of interest.



Determine Intent

Contracts that resort to too many absolutes or unnecessarily strong language reveal a lot about how the other party views you and your contractual relationship.

Watch Your Words!

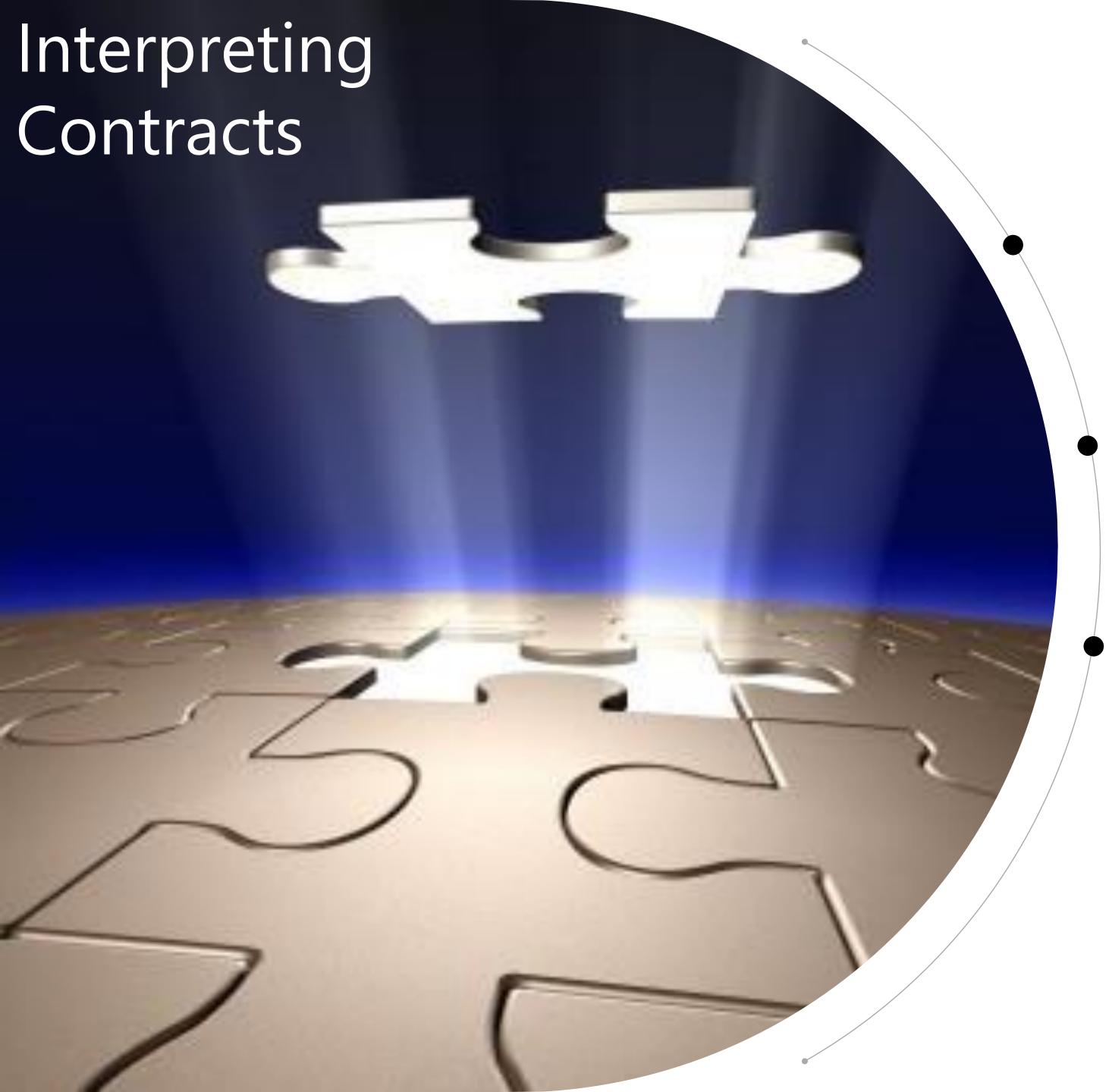
Provisions with key words like "sole and absolute discretion" or "absolute duty" or "without notice", etc. should be read very carefully. When in doubt, ask a local lawyer.

Take Custom and Practice into Account

If a certain provision seems to contradict existing custom and practice in that particular industry, you'll want to ask for clarification or renegotiate.

Clarify Ambiguity

A provision is not ambiguous simply because the parties disagree as to its construction or urge alternative interpretations. Courts have principles for determining if a provision is ambiguous.



Context Matters

Contracts should be viewed in light of the circumstances under which they were made.

Reasonability is Key

Contracts should be construed in a commercially reasonable manner. If a provision is not reasonable, it should be renegotiated.

Contracts are to be Harmonized

The terms of the contract should be "harmonized" and read in context with all other pertinent documents, including POs, emails, etc.

TRANSLATION AGREEMENT	
Date of this Agreement:	 ("Translator")
Translator's Name Translator's Address	Translator /
and	("Client")
Client's Name Client's Address	_(Chefit)
hereby agree as follows: 1. <u>Description of services</u> . Translator, as an independent contractor, will prov	ide the following service(s) [Identify item(s) to be translated and the particular service(s) to be performed]: ——
Method of delivery:Format of delivery:	out shall not be responsible for delays in completion caused by events beyond Translator's control. for the above service(s). Payment is due as follows:
received by Translator within days of the due date will be deemed la	he date(s) specified in this Agreement, provided that if no date is specified, the due date shall be the date of Translator's billing for the fees or costs. Any payments for fees or costs not ate and shall be subject to a% per month late charge. Client agrees to be responsible for Translator's costs in collecting late payments due from Client, including reasonable
shall pay Translator the portion of the above fee represented by the percentage	rtion of the item(s) described in paragraph 1 above prior to Translator's completion of the service(s), then, in consideration of Translator's scheduling and/or performing said service(s) Client ge of total service(s) performed, but in any event not less than% of said fee.
	d below, in the event the following additional services are required: (a) investigation, inquiry, or research beyond that normal to a routine translation is required because of ambiguities in the nakes changes in the item(s) to be translated after the signing of this Agreement; and (c) Translator is requested to make changes in the translation after delivery of the translation, because equired for accuracy. Such additional fees will be calculated as follows:
5. <u>Additional costs</u> . Client shall reimburse Translator for necessary out-of-poot telefax expenses to clarify document ambiguity, etc.	ket expenses incurred by Translator that are not a normal part of routine translation procedure, such as overnight document delivery service requested by Client, long distance telephone and
	or, Client shall promptly review it, and within 30 days after receipt shall notify Translator of any requested corrections or changes. Translator shall correct, at no cost to Client, any errors made
except as expressly authorized by Client in writing, shall not be divulged or p	It in writing as confidential which Translator acquires during the term of this Agreement regarding the business and products of Client shall be maintained in confidentiality by Translator and, ublished by Translator and shall not be authorized by Translator to be divulged or published by others. Confidential information for purposes of this paragraph shall not include the following:
b. Terminological glossary entries compiled by Translator in the course of Tra	the disclosure of such information did not result from a breach by Translator of this paragraph. nslator's performance of the translation service(s) under this Agreement; provided, however, that Client and Translator may agree in writing that, upon payment by Client to Translator of an f Client and shall be covered by the confidentiality provisions of this paragraph.
8. Translation is property of client, copyright. Upon Client's completion of all	payments provided herein, the translation of the item(s) described in paragraph 1 above shall be the property of Client. Translator has no obligation to take any steps to protect any copyrigh any be expressly otherwise provided in this Agreement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Translator shall have the right to retain file copies of the item(s) to be translated and of the translation
subject to the provisions of paragraph 7 above. 9. <u>Indemnification and hold-harmless by Client</u> . Client agrees to indemnify an	nd hold Translator harmless from any and all losses, claims, damages, expenses or liabilities (including reasonable attorneys' fees) which Translator may incur based on information, r approved by Client for use by Translator in the work performed under this Agreement.
11. <u>Governing law</u> . This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the Stat 12. <u>Additional provisions</u> . [Add all additional provisions required by the partie	e of
13. <u>Complete agreement</u> . This is the complete agreement of the parties as to delivery of fully signed copies to each party. Translator:	the subject matter hereof. Any changes in this Agreement must be in writing signed by both parties. This Agreement becomes a binding contract only upon signature by both parties and the
Client:	
American Translators Association - Translation Agreement - July 1991 ed.	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THIS CONTRACT FORM OR GUIDE IS GENERAL IN NATURE AND IS NOT INTENDED TO PRESCRIBE THE USE OF ANY TERMS AND CONDITIONS HEREIN. THE ISSUANCE OF THIS FORM DOES NOT RESTRICT IN ANY RESPECT ANY MEMBER OR NON-MEMBER FROM CONTRACTING FOR SERVICE ON TERMS AND CONDITIONS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE SET FORTH HEREIN. THE USE OF ANY PORTION OF THIS FORM OF AGREEMENT IS STRICTLY VOLUNTARY, AND IS THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTING PARTIES. NEITHER THE AMERICAN TRANSLATORS ASSOCIATION NOR ITS MEMBERS ASSUME ANY RESPONSIBILITY, WHETHER BASED ON WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, PRODUCT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE, WITH RESPECT TO THE USE OF THIS CONTRACT FORM. THE AMERICAN TRANSLATORS ASSOCIATION AND ITS MEMBERS MAKE NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THE LEGALITY OR ENFORCEABILITY OF THIS FORM OF AGREEMENT.

SWOT ANALYSIS

Strengths

Specific to translation

Description of service; payment; cancellation or withdrawal by client; additional costs and fees; client review of translation; unauthorized changes; confidentiality.

Weaknesses

Very weak boilerplates

As we learned throughout this webinar, boilerplate provisions are far more important than they seem and the ATA model agreement fails to capture their complexities.

Opportunities

Maximizing the good parts

The model agreement is a good start for industry specific provisions, which can be easily strengthened with very minor changes.

Threats

Not fully covered

There is a chance that you are not fully protected if you use the agreement as is, so please talk to a local lawyer and draft a stronger agreement.